

Trans, from of #6719

(4-137.)

RECEIVER'S RECEIPT, No. 1905

APPLICATION, No. 1905

HOMESTEAD.

Receiver's Office, Sidney, Neb.

October 9<sup>th</sup>, 1888.

Received of Richard Beebe the sum of Fourteen dollars 200 cents;

being the amount of fee and compensation of Register and Receiver for the entry of South East 1/4

of Section 11 in Township 20 of Range 58, under

Section No. 2290, Revised Statutes of the United States.

[Signature] Receiver.

\$ 14<sup>00</sup>

See note in red ink, which Registers and Receivers will read and EXPLAIN THOROUGHLY to persons making application for lands where the affidavit is made before either of them.

Thinker had embraced in a homestead, or other entry not enumerated, may be allowed in order to cultivate the land and improve the premises. See for no other purpose. If after closing the land for settlement, there remains more timber than is required for improvement, there is no objection to the settler retaining the same. If the timber is cut and removed for any other purpose it will entitle the entry to cancellation, and the person who cut it will be liable to pay the entry of the value of such timber, and also to proceed prosecution under Section 2291 of the Revised Statutes.

NOTE.—It is required of the homestead settler that he shall reside upon and cultivate the land embraced in his homestead entry for a period of five years from the time of filing the affidavit, being also the date of entry. An abandonment of the land for more than six months works a forfeiture of the claim. Further, within two years from the expiration of the said five years he must file proof of his actual settlement and cultivation, failing to do which, his entry will be canceled. If the settler does not wish to remain five years on his tract, he can, at any time after six months, pay for it with cash or land warrants, upon making proof of settlement and cultivation from date of filing affidavit to the time of payment.