

(4-137.)

RECEIVER'S RECEIPT, No. 10442

APPLICATION, No. 10442

HOMESTEAD.

Receiver's Office, NORTH PLATTE NEB.

May 22, 1886,

Received of Walter E. Morse the sum of \$100.00 dollars no cents;

being the amount of fee and compensation of Register and Receiver for the entry of

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of Section 9 in Township 21 of Range 37, under

Section No. 2290, Revised Statutes of the United States.

Alvin Harmon Receiver.

\$ 100.00

See note in red ink, which Registers and Receivers will read and EXPLAIN THOROUGHLY to persons making application for lands where the affidavit is made before either of them.

Timber land embraced in a homestead or other entry not commuted, may be cleared in order to cultivate the land and improve the premises, but for no other purpose. In either case the land must be cultivated, there must be more timber than is required for improvement, there is no objection to the settler disposing of the same. But the question whether the land is a homestead or other entry is a question of fact which is to be decided by the Register. If the timber is cut and removed for any other purpose it will subject the entry to cancellation, and the person who cut it shall be liable to civil and criminal penalties under Section 3611 of the Revised Statutes.

NOTE.—It is required of the homestead settler that he shall reside upon and cultivate the land embraced in his homestead entry for a period of five years from the time of filing the affidavit, being also the date of entry. An abandonment of the land for more than six months works a forfeiture of the claim. Further, within two years from the expiration of the said five years he must file proof of his actual settlement and cultivation, failing to do which, his entry will be canceled. If the settler does not wish to remain five years on his tract, he can, at any time after six months, pay for it with cash or land warrants, upon making proof of settlement and cultivation from date of filing affidavit to the time of payment.