

(4-137.)

RECEIVER'S RECEIPT, No. 12821

APPLICATION, No. 12821

HOMESTEAD.

Receiver's Office, Mo Platte Mo

April 26, 1887

Received of Amelia C Brown the sum
of Fourteen dollars 00 cents;

being the amount of fee and compensation of Register and Receiver for the
entry of M C H

of Section 8 in
Township 19 of Range 57, under
Section No. 2290, Revised Statutes of the United States.

John Treacy
Receiver.

\$ 14.00

See note in red ink, which Registers and Receivers will read and EXPLAIN THOROUGHLY to persons making application for lands where the affidavit is made before either of them.

These lands embraced in a homestead, or other entry and commutation, may be cleared in order to cultivate the land and improve the premises, and for no other purpose. If, after clearing the land for cultivation, there remains more timber than is required for improvement, there is no objection to the entry depending of that wood. But the question whether the land is being cleared of its timber for agriculture purposes is a question of fact which is liable to be raised at any time. If the land is cleared of its timber, and if the settler has not complied with the provisions of the Revised Statutes, the entry will be canceled, and the settler will be liable for the value of the timber so cleared.

NOTE.—It is required of the homestead settler that he shall reside upon and cultivate the land embraced in his homestead entry for a period of five years from the time of filing the affidavit, being also the date of entry. An abandonment of the land for more than six months works a forfeiture of the claim. Further, within two years from the expiration of the said five years he must file proof of his actual settlement and cultivation, failing to do which, his entry will be canceled. If the settler does not wish to remain five years on his tract, he can, at any time after six months, pay for it with cash or land warrants, upon making proof of settlement and cultivation from date of filing affidavit to the time of payment.